

Amendments to the Specification

Please replace paragraph number 0128 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Two of the resulting probes (TM63 and TM74), shown in Table 1, below, were labeled, mixed, and used to screen the above genomic library. Oligos were labeled with $\gamma^{32}\text{P}$ ATP using T4 polynucleotide kinase as described (Ausubel, *et al*, eds, 1994. "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," John Wiley and Sons, Inc.,) and cleaned up using Elutips (Schleicher & Schuell). Hybridization of duplicate filters was carried out in a Bellco hybridization oven at 37°C using the SSPE protocol as described (Ausubel, *et al*, eds, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1994). Filters were washed in 6X SSC with 0.5%SDS (Ausubel, *et al*, eds, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1994) at 37°C. Filters were then washed at successively higher temperatures in 3 M TMAC (Ausubel, *et al*, eds, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1994) until very little radioactivity could be detected with a survey meter (generally 45 - 55°C). Upon exposure to X-Ray film (Kodak X-Omat), colonies which were evident on both replicate filters were picked with a wooden toothpick and transferred to a fresh nylon filter overlaid onto an LB/ampicillin plate. This procedure was repeated until a homogeneous population was achieved.

Table 1: oligonucleotides (SEQ ID NOS: 13-31, respectively, in order of appearance) with DNA sequence and approximate coordinates relative to the ATG start codon on SEQ ID NOS: 7 or 12.

Name	Length	Sequence (5' to 3')	Coordinates
TM63	30	CGCGTTCAGGACGCATACTCCGTTCGCTGC	838-867
TM74	24	GCCCATGGAAACGTGGTCTTCCTG	1370-1393
TM85	21	ATCATCATGCCCGAGTCCACA	1156-1176
TM87	21	GCCATCAGGAAGACCACGTTT	990-971

TM89	20	ATGCAGGAAGACCACGTTTC	1246-1265
TM91	21	ATCGAGGTCCGCCAATGCCAT	648-628
TM92	18	ACCGGAGCAGCCCAGTGA	441-424
TM93	20	TGCTTGAAGTATTGCGCCAG	1403-1422
TM94	18	GATCCTCGGGTGCGATGT	226-209
TM95	18	ATGCTGATCGGGCTTCGT	92-74
TM96	27	ATTTGATT <u>CATATGGCTTCCGCTCCTC</u>	-11- +16
TM97	28	ATCTT <u>GGATCC</u> GAACATGGTGCGTTGCA	Beyond C-Terminus
TM98	18	AGCACCAGAT CGATGCAC	128-145
TM99	18	TGGCATGGGTGAACCGGT	267-284
TM101	18	ATCAGCGTTGAAGCCCAG	682-699
TM103	18	ACGTGCTGGACTTCCTTG	1019-1036
TM105	18	GTGCATAAGGCCCTCGAA	1501-1518
TM106	18	GAGCTTCGAGGGCCTTAT	1522-1505
TM109	18	CGAGCAACGCAGCGAGTA	870-853

Please replace paragraph number 146, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Purified HAL has been determined to have approximately 40 I.U./mg of activity at 37°C. The temperature optimum was found to be 45°C (figure 7). The graph shows that the enzyme maintains a significant level of activity at physiological temperature conditions. ~~Also below is a~~

~~graph depicting the effect of pH on HAL activity.~~ The activity profile of HAL at various pH is depicted in figure 8. The enzyme is active over a wide range of pH, with highest activity around pH 8.2 and high activity in physiological conditions.